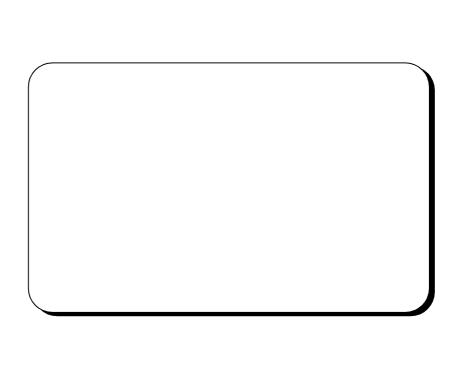


Precision Water Chillers

NPC 015 - 230 60 Hz UL



SERVICE MANUAL



INDEX

INDE	X	1
GENI	ERAL INFORMATION	3
1.1 Safe	How to interpret the model	
2.1	General	
2.2	Liquids of the user circuit	
2.3	Lifting and carriage precautions	
2.4	Installation precautions	
2.5	Precautions during operation	
2.6	Maintenance and repair precautions	
2.7	Refrigerant gases	
ТЕСІ	2.7.1 Refrigerant safety schedule	
3.1	Other data relative to the standard machines	9
	3.1.1 Dimensions	
	3.1.2 Characteristics of pumps and of the fans	9
_	3.1.3 Sound Level Measurements	
DESC	CRIPTION	11
4.1	Components	11
4.2	Cooling circuit	
4.3	Compressors	
4.4	Condenser	
4.5	Evaporator	
4.6	Tank	
4.7	Pump.	
4.8	Fans.	
4.9	Casing	12
4.10	Materials in contact with the liquid to be cooled	
4.11	Minimum distances from walls in the installation ambient	
4.12	Electrical circuit.	
	ALLATION	
<i>5</i> 1	In an artism	1.2
5.1	Inspection	
5.2 5.3	Positioning Antifragge protection	
3.3	Antifreeze protection	
5.4	Hydraulic connections	
5.5	Expansion tank	
5.6	Electrical connections.	
	RT UP	
	CTRONIC BOARD	
7.1	Display	
7 2	7.1.1 Display icons	
7.2	Function of buttons 7.2.1 Function of combined buttons	
7.3	Symbols and leds on the display	
7.3 7.4	Remote terminal	
	7.4.1 Function of buttons	

7.5	Displaying during an alarm	
	7.5.1 Alarm icons	23
7.6	How to silence the buzzer	23
7.7	First start up	23
7.8	Programming by keyboard	
	7.8.1 Access to "Pr1" parameters (User level)	
	7.8.2 How to modify a parameter's value	
7.9	Values displayed	24
7.10	Unit switching on / off	
7.11	How to put the unit in stand-by	
	Function menu (M button)	
7.12	7.12.1 Access to Function menu	
	7.12.2 Exit Function menu	
	7.12.3 How to display the alarms "ALrM"	
	7.12.4 How to reset an alarm "rSt"	
	7.12.5 How to display the alarm historic "ALoG"	25
	7.12.6 How to reset the alarm history "ArSt"	25
	7.12.7 Displaying the operating hours of loads "C1Hr - C2Hr - PFHr"	
7.13	Other functions by keyboard	
	7.13.1 How to display the Set Point	
	7.13.2 How to modify the Set Point	
7.14	Compressors unloading function.	26
7.15	Probe key	26
Отн	ER COMPONENTS SETTING	27
0.1	Commence into and material (DI)	27
8.1	Compressor integral protection (PI)	
8.2	Refrigerant high and low pressure switches	
8.3	Compressor operation	
	8.3.1 Compressor regulation graphic in Chiller mode	
8.4	Fan speed regulation	
8.5	Level sensor	
OPE	RATION AND MAINTENANCE	29
9.1	Operation	20
9.1	Maintenance	29
- · -	1/1/2/11/01/01/01	
9.3	Unit access.	
9.4	Emptying the process water circuit	
9.5	Maintenance schedule	
TROU	UBLE SHOOTING	31
SETT	TNG TABLES	35
11.1	Parameter setting	35
	11.1.1 Thermoregulation parameters	
	11.1.2 Configuration parameters	
	11.1.3 Dymanic set point parameters (NOT ENABLED FUNCTION)	
	11.1.4 Energy Saving parameters (NOT ENABLED FUNCTION)	
	11.1.5 Compressor parameters	
	11.1.6 Fan parameters	
	11.1.7 Antifreeze support resistance parameters	
	11.1.8 Defrost parameters (NOT ENABLED FUNCTION)	
	11.1.9 Alarm parameters	
ALAR	RMS	
12.1	Alarm codes and actions	37
12.2	Outlet blocking	40

GENERAL INFORMATION

The machines described in this manual are called "WATER REFRIGERATORS".

This manual is written for those responsible for the installation, use and maintenance of the unit.

The components used are of high quality and all the projecting process, from the production to the unit checking, has been manufactured in conformity with ISO 9001 norms.

In most applications, the liquid of the user circuit is water and the term "WATER" will be used even if the liquid of the user circuit is different from water (e.g. a mixture of water and glycol).

Here below the term "PRESSURE" will be used to indicate the gauge pressure.

The electrical panel has been designed following UL508A standard rule (Industrial Control Panels), homologated with UL file number E249753

and marked.

The following symbols are shown on the stickers on the unit as well as on the overall dimension drawing and refrigeration circuits in this manual. Their meaning is the following:

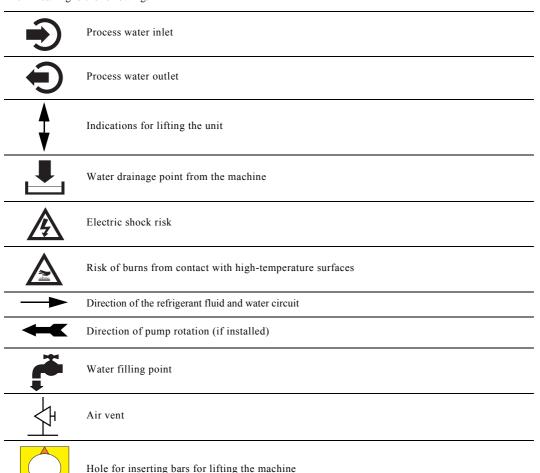


Table 1 SYMBOLS

The following warning symbols are shown on the stickers on the unit. If requested, the same stickers are available also in French. Their meaning is the following:

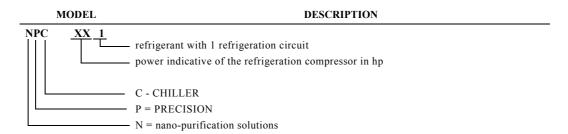
WARNING SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION			
AWARNING To mention over-correct, who to devote, and ground-instructions of ground-instructions of the control	To maintain overcurrent, short-circuit, and ground-fault protection, the manufacturer's instructions for selection of overload and short circuit protection must be followed to reduce the risk of fire or electric shock. In an overload or a fault current interruption occurs, circuits must be checked to determine the cause of the interruption. If a fault condition exists, the current-carrying components should be examined and replaced if damaged, and the integral current sensors must be replaced to reduce the risk of fire or electric shock.			

Table 2 WARNING SYMBOLS

WARNING SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
Hazardous voltage. All doors must be closed before energizing the panel.	Hazardous voltage. All doors must be closed before energizing the panel.
Read and understand control of the state of	Read and understand operator's manual before using this machine. Failure to follow operating instructions could result in death or serious injury.
AWARNING Moving parts can rush and out. Do not operate with Quard removed. Follow lookout procedure before pervicing.	Moving parts can crush and cut. Do not operate with guard removed. Follow lockout procedure before servicing.
Hazardous voltage. Disconnect power before parketing or describe.	Hazardous voltage. Disconnect power before servicing or cleaning.

Table 2 WARNING SYMBOLS

1.1 How to interpret the model



ATTENTION

This manual provides the user, installer and maintenance technician with all the technical information required for installation, operation and carrying out routine maintenance operations to ensure long life.

If spare parts are required, this must be original.

Requests for SPARE PARTS and for any INFORMATION concerning the unit must be sent to the distributor or to the nearest service centre, providing the MODEL and MACHINE NUMBER shown on the machine data plate and on the first page of this manual.

SAFETY

This machinery was designed to be safe in the use for which it was planned provided that it is installed, started up and maintained in accordance with the instructions contained in this manual.

The manual must therefore be studied by all those who want to install, use or maintain the unit.

The machine contains electrical components which operate at the line voltage, and also moving parts.

It must therefore be isolated from the electricity supply network before being opened. Maintenance operations involving work inside the machine must be performed by skilled and adequately qualified personnel equipped with suitable protection means (active and passive, e.g. work gloves) ton ensure work in maximum safety.

Do not allow extraneous persons (such as children) where the machine is installed.

2.1 General

When handling or maintaining the unit and all auxiliary equipment, the personnel must operate with care observing all instructions concerning health and safety at installation site.

ATTENTION

Most accidents which occur during the operation and maintenance of the machinery are a result of failure to observe basic safety rules or precautions.

An accident can often be avoided by recognising a situation that is potentially hazardous.

The user should make sure that all personnel concerned with operation and maintenance of the unit and all auxiliary equipment have read and understood all warnings, cautions, prohibitions and notes written in this manual as well as on the unit.

Improper operation or maintenance of the unit and auxiliary equipment could be dangerous and result in an accident causing injury or death.

We cannot anticipate every possible circumstance which might represent a potential hazard.

The warnings in this manual are therefore not all-inclusive.

If the user employs an operating procedure, an item of equipment or a method of working which is not specifically recommended, he must ensure that the unit and auxiliary equipment will not be damaged or made unsafe and that there is no risk to persons or property.

Any improper use of the machine will relieve the manufacturer from any liability for possible personal injury or property damage.

Arbitrary modifications made to the unit will automatically invalidate all forms of guarantee provided by the manufacturer.

2.2 Liquids of the user circuit

The liquids of the user circuit must be compatible with the materials used.

These can be water or mixtures of water and glycol, for example.

Additives and glycol suppliers must guarantee compatibility with the materials. For further information refer to 4.10 "Materials in contact with the liquid to be cooled".

ATTENTION

If the liquids of the user circuit contains dangerous substances (e.g. ethylene glycol) is very important to collect any liquid which leaks because it could cause damages to the ambient. Furthermore, when the refrigerator is no longer used, dangerous liquids must be disposed of by firms specialised and authorised for treating them.

2.3 Lifting and carriage precautions

Avoid injury by using a hoist to lift heavy loads.

Check all chains, hooks, shackles and slings are in good condition and are of the correct capacity.

They must be tested and approved according to local safety regulations.

Cables, chains or ropes must never be applied directly to lifting eyes.

Always use an appropriate shackle or hook properly positioned.

Arrange lifting cables so that there are no sharp bends.

Use a spreader bar to avoid side loads on hooks, eyes and shackles.

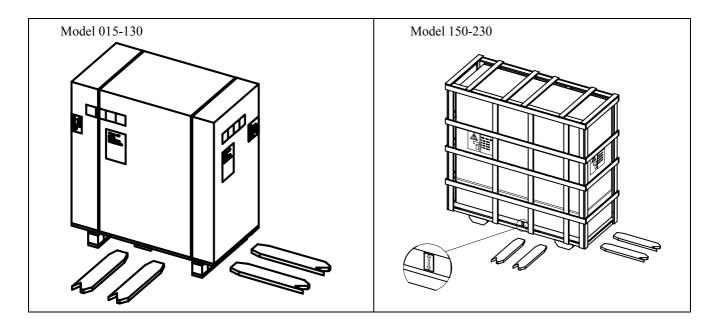
When a load is on a hoist stay clear of the danger area beneath and around it.

Keep lifting acceleration and speed within safe limits and never leave a load hanging on a hoist for longer than is necessary. The weight values shown in the following table were obtained with the unit empty, pump P3 and axial fans.

The manufacturer does not supply bars, belts and lifting hooks with the unit.

MODEL	015	020	0' \$	0(\$	****	····*\$-\$	····%&\$	····1' \$····	····% \$	···% \$	2%\$***	·····&' \$
Weight (kg)	127	132	200	220	331	386	405	416	553	650	740	757
Weight (lb)	280	291	440	485	729	850	892	917	1219	1433	1631	1668

Table 3 WEIGHTS



NOTE

Weight values are guideline, with the water circuit empty. The values may vary in relation to the configuration of the unit (pump type, supply type, and ventilation type).

2.4 Installation precautions

The connections to be made are for the process water circuit. Use the electrical diagram accompanying this manual to for the connection to the power grid.

2.5 Precautions during operation

Operation must be carried out by competent personnel under a qualified supervisor.

All the water piping must be painted or clearly marked in accordance with local safety regulations in the place of installation.

ATTENTION

Never remove or tamper with the safety devices, guards or insulation materials fitted to the unit or auxiliary equipment.

All electrical connections must comply with local codes.

The unit and auxiliary equipment must be earthen and protected by fuses against short-circuits and overloading.

When mains power is switched on, lethal voltages are present in the electrical circuits and extreme caution must be exercised whenever it is necessary to carry out any work on the electrical system.

Do not open any electrical panels or cabinets or touch any electrical components or associated equipment while voltage is applied unless it is necessary for measurements, tests or adjustments. Such work should be carried out only by a qualified electrician equipped with the proper tools and wearing appropriate body protection against electrical hazards.

2.6 Maintenance and repair precautions

ATTENTION

When disposing of parts and waste material of any kind make sure that there is no pollution of any drain or natural water-course and that no burning of waste takes place which could cause pollution of the air. Protect the environment by using only approved methods of disposal.

Keep a written record of all maintenance and repair work carried out on the unit and auxiliary equipment. The frequency and the nature of the work required over a period can reveal adverse operating conditions which should be corrected.

ATTENTION

Use only refrigerant gas specified on the specification plate of the unit.

Make sure that all instructions concerning operation and maintenance are strictly followed and that the complete unit, with all accessories and safety devices, is kept in good working order. The accuracy of pressure and temperature gauges must be regularly checked. They must be renewed when acceptable tolerances are exceeded.

ATTENTION

Do not weld or carry out any operation which produces heat near a system which contains oil or flammable liquids. The systems which may contain oil or flammable liquids must be completely drained and cleaned (with steam, for example), before carrying out these operations.

The adjacent components must always be screened with non-flammable material and if the operation is to be carried out near any part of the lubrication system, or close to a component which may contain oil, the system must first be thoroughly purged, preferably by steam cleaning. Never use a light source with an open flame to inspect any part of the machine.

For every unit establish a suitable time schedule for cleaning operations.

ATTENTION

If replacement parts are needed use only original spares.

Avoid to damage the safety valves and other pressure relief devices.

All guards must be reinstated after carrying out repair or maintenance work.

ATTENTION

Check the direction of rotation of electric motors (the pump if installed) when starting up the unit initially and after any work on the electrical connections or switch gear.

Do not use flammable liquid to clean any component during operation. If chlorinated hydrocarbon non-flammable fluids are used for cleaning, safety precautions must be taken against any toxic vapours which may be released.

ATTENTION

Before removing any panels or dismantling any part of the unit, carry out the following operations:

- Isolate the unit from the main electrical power supply by disconnecting the cable from the electrical power source.
- Lock the isolator in the "OFF" position with a lock.
- Attach a warning label to the main isolator switch conveying: "WORK IN PROGRESS DON NOT APPLY VOLTAGE".
- Do not switch on electrical power or attempt to start the unit if a warning label is attached.

Coloured tracers can be used in service-maintenance operations.

Inspect all refrigerant circuit joints including connectors, flanges, and more generally all critical points (open joints) in order to prevent possible leakage of refrigerant gas.

2.7 Refrigerant gases

R407C is used as refrigerant in these units. Never attempt to mix refrigerant gases. The manufacturer's instructions and local safety regulations should always be observed when handling and storing high pressure gas cylinders.

2.7.1 Refrigerant safety schedule

	D 10=G				
	R407C				
Denomination:	23% Difluoromethane (R32);				
	25% Pentafluoroethane (R125);				
	52% R134a				
	INDICATION OF THE DANGERS				
Major dangers:	Asphyxia.				
Specific dangers:	Rapid evaporation can cause freezing.				
	FIRST AID MEASURES				
General information:	Do not give anything to unconscious persons.				
Inhalation:	Take the person outdoors. Use oxygen or artificial respiration if necessary. Do not				
	administer adrenaline or similar substances.				
Contact with the eyes:	Thoroughly wash with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and call a doctor.				
Contact with the skin:	Wash immediately with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing immediately.				
	FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES				
Means of extinction:	Any means.				
Specific dangers:	Pressure increase.				
Specific methods:	Cool the containers with water sprays.				
M	EASURES IN THE EVENT OF ACCIDENTAL LEAKAGE				
Individual precautions:	Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Provide adequate ventilation. Use means of personal protection.				
Environmental precautions:	Evaporates.				
Cleaning methods:	Evaporates.				
	HANDLING AND STORAGE				
Handling					
technical measures/ precautions:	Ensure sufficient air change and/or extraction in the work areas.				
recommendations for safe use:	Do not inhale vapours or aerosols.				

Storage	Close properly and store in a cool, dry well-ventilated place. Store in its original containers. Incompatible products: explosives, flammable materials, organic peroxide.
CONT	ROL OF EXPOSURE/INDIVIDUAL PROTECTION
Control parameters:	AEL (8-h e 12-h TWA) = 1000 ml/m3 for each of the three components.
Respiratory protection:	For rescue and maintenance work in tanks, use autonomous breathing apparatus. The vapours are heavier than air and can cause suffocation, reducing the oxygen available for breathing.
Protection of the eyes:	Safety goggles.
Protection of the hands:	Rubber gloves.
Hygiene measures:	Do not smoke.
	PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES
Colour:	Colourless.
Odour:	Similar to ether.
Boiling point:	-43.9°C at atm. press.
Flammability point:	Non flammable.
Relative density:	1.138 kg/l at 25°C.
Solubility in water:	Negligible.
	STABILITY AND REACTIVITY
Stability:	No reactivity if used with the relative instructions.
Materials to avoid:	Alkaline metal, earthy alkaline metals, granulated metals salts, Al, Zn, Be, etc. in powder.
Hazardous decomposition products:	Halogen acids, traces of carbonyl halides.
	TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION
Acute toxicity:	(R32) LC50/inhalation/4 hours/lab. rats >760 ml/l (R125) LC50/inhalation/4 hours/lab. rats >3480 mg/l (R134a) ALC/inhalation/4 hours/lab. rats = 567 ml/l.
Local effects:	Concentrations substantially above the TLV can cause narcotic effects. Inhalation of products in decomposition can lead to respiratory difficulty (pulmonary oedema).
Long-term toxicity:	Has not shown any cancerogenic, teratogenic or mutagenic effects in experiments on animals.
	ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION
Global warming potential HGWP (R11=1):	R125: 0.84 - R134a: 0.28
Ozone depletion potential ODP (R11=1):	0
	CONSIDERATIONS ON DISPOSAL
	Usable with reconditioning.

TECHNICAL DATA

The main technical data are given on the machine data plate:

MODEL and CODE They identify the size of the unit and the type of construction.

MANUAL This is the code number of the manual. **SERIAL NUMBER** This is the construction number of the unit. **MANUFACTURING YEAR** This is the year of the final test of the unit. VOLTAGE/PHASE/FREQUENCY Electric alimentation characteristics.

SHORT CIRCUIT CURRENT Short circuit current **HIGHER MOTOR FLA** Max. absorbed current.

MAX. CONSUMPTION (I max) This is electrical current consumed by the unit during the limit working conditions.

INSTALLED POWER (P max) It is the power absorbed by the unit during the limit working conditions.

PROTECTION As defined by the EN 60529 European standard / NEMA 250 international standard.

WIRING DIAGRAM Number of wiring diagram.

REFRIGERANT This is the refrigerant fluid in the unit.

REFRIGERANT QUANTITY This is the quantity of refrigerant fluid contained in the unit.

For TAEevo 015÷031 models MAX. COOLING PRESSURE This is the design pressure of the refrigeration circuit. MAX. COOLING TEMPERATURE This is the design temperature of the refrigeration circuit.

For TAEevo 051 models and upper models

MAX. COOLING PRESSURE HP SIDE This is the design pressure of the refrigeration circuit of the high pressure side MAX. COOLING PRESSURE LP SIDE This is the design pressure of the refrigeration circuit of the low pressure side

USER CIRCUIT FLUID Fluid used by the unit (normally water). MAX. UTILIZATION PRESSURE

Max. designed pressure of the utilization circuit. **MAX. TEMPERATURE**

Design temperature of the user circuit; this should not be confused with the maximum

working temperature which is established when the offer is made.

CONDENSER COOLING FLUID Fluid the machine uses to cool the condenser.

MAX. WORKING PRESSURE Maximum design pressure of the condenser cooling circuit.

MAX. TEMPERATURE Maximum designed temperature of the cooling circuit of the condenser.

SOUND PRESSURE LEVEL Sound pressure level in a free field in hemispherical irradiation conditions (open field)

at a distance of 1 m from the machine, condenser side, and at 1.6 m from the ground.

AMBIENT TEMPERATURE Min. and max. cooling air temperature value.

WEIGHT This is the approximate weight of the unit before packing.

Table 4 DATA PLATE AND MEANING OF ABBREVIATIONS

ATTENTION

The performance of the unit mainly depends on the flow and temperature of the water in the user circuit and on the temperature of the thermal exchanger fluid of the condenser. These data are defined during the offer stage.

Other data relative to the standard machines 3.1

3.1.1 Dimensions

See enclosures.

3.1.2 Characteristics of pumps and of the fans

	Model			020	030	040	060	090
Tank capacity	water volume	(litres) (galUS)	60 16	60 16	115 30	115 30	140 37	255 67
	water flow rate	(m ³ /h) (gpm)	0.3/4.8 1.1/21.1	0.5/4.8 1.1/21.1	0.7/6 1.8/26.4	1.0/6 2.6/26.4	1.8/9.6 4.4/42.3	2.3/9.6 5.7/42.3
PUMP P3	pump head	(bar) (PSI)	3.2/1.4 43.8/20.6	3.2/1.4 43.8/20.6	3.1/1.5 44.9/22.6	3.0/1.4 44.5/21.3	2.9/1.3 44.2/19.0	2.9/1.5 43.8/22.6
	nominal power	(kW)	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.9	0.9
	water flow rate	(m ³ /h) (gpm)	0.3/4.8 1.1/21.1	0.5/4.8 1.1/21.1	0.7/4.8 1.8/21.1	1.0/4.8 2.6/21.1	1.8/13 4.4/57.2	2.3/13 5.7/57.2
PUMP P5	pump head	(bar) (PSI)	5.4/2.9 79.4/42.1	5.4/2.9 79.4/42.1	5.4/3.1 78.9/45.4	5.3/3.2 78.3/46.6	5.2/2.8 75.8/40.6	5.1/3.1 75.7/45.8
	nominal power	(kW)	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	3	3

Table 5 CHARACTERISTICS OF STANDARD UNITS

Model			015	020	030	040	060	090
	number of fans		1	1	1	1	1	2
AXIAL FANS	total air flow	(m ³ /h) (gpm)	4050 17831	3500 15410	6900 30380	6400 28178	9200 40506	16000 70445

Table 5 CHARACTERISTICS OF STANDARD UNITS

	Model			130	150	180	210	230
Tank capacity	water volume	(litres) (galUS)	255 67	255 67	350 92	350 92	350 92	350 92
	water flow rate	(m ³ /h) (gpm)	3.0/18 7.0/79.3	3.7/18 8.4/79.3	3.9/18 8.8/79.3	4.4/18 8.8/79.3	4.9/27 11.0/118.9	5.5/27 11.4/118.9
PUMP P3	pump head	(bar) (PSI)	2.8/1.6 41.5/24.2	2.8/1.7 41.4/25.1	2.8/2.0 41.4/29.8	2.8/2.0 41.4/29.8	3.3/0.9 48.8/13.3	3.2/0.8 48.7/12.3
	nominal power	(kW)	1,85	1,85	1,85	1,85	2.2	2.2
	water flow rate	(m ³ /h) (gpm)	3.0/13 7.0/57.2	3.7/13 8.4/57.2	3.9/30 8.8/132.1	4.4/30 8.8/132.1	4.9/30 11.0/132.1	5.5/30 11.4/132.1
PUMP P5	pump head	(bar) (PSI)	5.1/3.1 75.6/45.8	5.0/3.2 75.4/47.1	5.2/1.8 76.5/27.1	5.1/1.8 76.5/27.1	5.1/1.9 67.2/27.3	5.1/1.8 76.1/26.1
	nominal power	(kW)	3	2.2	3	4	4	4
	number of fans		2	2	2	2	3	3
AXIAL FANS	total air flow	(m ³ /h) (gpm)	15000 66043	14200 62520	18200 80132	17600 77490	23700 104347	23700 104347

Table 6 CHARACTERISTICS OF STANDARD UNITS

NOTE

The values in the table may vary in relation to the model and configuration of the unit. In this case reference should be made to the data in the offer.

NOTE

The head is the head available to the user. It is possible for the pump installed to be different from the standard. There are two numbers for the flow rate and pressure: the first number refers to the nominal conditions while the second to the maximum conditions.

3.1.3 Sound Level Measurements

	Fan	Lp dB(A) *	Lw dB(A) **
BD7 015	axial	69,5	82,5
BD7 020	axial	68,9	81,9
BD7 03 \$	axial	69,6	82,6
BD7 0 (\$	axial	70,7	83,7
BD7 0 *\$	axial	70,9	83,9
BD7 \$-\$	axial	72,0	85,0
BD7 12 \$	axial	71,2	84,2
BD7 1' \$	axial	72,1	85,1
BD7 %) \$	axial	74,2	87,2
BD7 % \$	axial	74,1	87,1
BD7 &%\$	axial	75,6	88,6
BD7 &' \$	axial	75,3	88,3

^{*} at distance of 1 metre (3,2 FT)

Test conditions

Noise levels refer to operation of the unit at full load in nominal conditions.

Sound pressure level in hemispherical irradiation conditions at a distance of 1 m (3,2 FT) from the condenser side of the unit and height of 1.6 m (5,2 FT) from the ground. Values tolerance $\pm 2 \text{ dB}$.

Sound power level: in compliance with ISO 3744

^{**} global

DESCRIPTION

4.1 Components

The data relating to the materials refer to standard machines. In case of particular units special materials are used, so it is necessary to refer to the data on the offer

The machines essentially consist of the following components:

- · Refrigerant compressor
- Condenser
- · Evaporator
- Tank
- Pump
- · Frame/outer panelling
- · Electronic controller

4.2 Cooling circuit

Models TAEevo have a single refrigerant circuit with one or two compressors connected in parallel (tandem).

The circuits consist of the following components:

- refrigerant fluid used R407C;
- · piston hermetic compressor or scroll compressor;
- fan pressure switch with on/off regulation;
- pressure switches for high and low refrigerant pressure;
- · high pressure transducer for fan electronical regulation and for unloading;
- liquid solenoid valve (with prismatic tank and plate-type evaporator);
- thermostatic throttle valve with external equalization (in models without prismatic tank present only from NPC 030);
- drver filter:
- liquid flow sight glass (in models without prismatic tank present only from NPC 030);
- lamination capillary (only for NPC 015-020);
- refrigerant manometers (NPC 030);
- safety valve and double HP pressure switches;
- · Schrader service valves;

Consult the enclosed drawings for additional information.

4.3 Compressors

All the machines are equipped with piston or SCROLL hermetic compressors, which are distinguished for their high energy efficiency, low vibrations and consequent silence in normal operation.

They are cooled by the aspirated gas, protected against overheating of the windings by an internal module that monitors their temperature and, upstream, by magnetothermic circuit breakers. These components are housed in a closed, but easily accessible, compartment.

4.4 Condenser

Condensation occurs through fin-pack coils consisting of copper tubes and collectors, aluminium fins and shoulders in galvanised sheet.

4.5 Evaporator

The evaporator is a finned pack type; the water flows in contact with the finned surface and at a speed that guarantees low pressure drops, while the refrigerant fluid flows inside the tubes.

In the NPC models, the exchanger is protected against the formation of ice, caused by low evaporation temperatures, through an anti-freeze function in the electronic controller. A probe monitors the temperature of the evaporator outlet water. If it is necessary to achieve a negative ambient/water temperatures, a mixture of water and glycol must be used.

To drain the circuit, see Chapter 9.4 "Emptying the process water circuit".

4.6 Tank

The storage tank is cylindrical.

The tank can be protected against freezing by means of an electric heater managed by the electronic controller. A level sensor in the tank serves to signal low water level conditions. The standard supply includes anti-condensation cladding, a drain valve and an air bleed valve. An internal bypass between the water delivery and return connections, makes it possible to read the anti-freeze probe if the unit's process water inlet and outlet connections are inadvertently closed. In this case the unit stops due to tripping of the antifreeze alarm and the shut-off valves must be reopened.

The bypass serves exclusively to allow an antifreeze alarm to trip (if present) and to allow the pump to run with a reduced water flow rate without damage. It is advisable to avoid repeated antifreeze alarm trip cycles in the foregoing conditions.

4.7 **Pump**

Centrifugal pumps are installed and it is possible to choose between 2 different types, which provide two different pressures based on requirements (a 3 or 5-barg pump). It is also possible to have units without pump.

The pump seals are made of ceramics/treated carbon/EPDM.

ATTENTION

Bleed the circuit by unscrewing the bleed cap on the pump whenever the water circuit is filled .See 5.4 "Collegamenti idraulici".

NOTE

The pump must never run dry.

4.8 Fans

Axial fans

The fans of axial type consist of a die-cast aluminium fan with sickle profile.

The protection rating of the fans is IP54.

The protection rating of the fans is IP44 for NPC 015 TO 020.

All fans have "F" insulation class to assure the external working with all types of climates. The assembly is completed with a superior (support to the fan) safety protection grill.

4.9 Casing

The base, uprights and panels are made of galvanized carbon steel and held together by screws and/or rivets. All panels undergo a phosphor degreasing process followed by epoxy polyester powder coating.

The frame is designed to allow easy access to all machine components.

Model		width	depth	height
NPC 015-020	(mm)	560	1266	810
	(in)	22	49.8	31.9
NPC 030-040	(mm)	660	1311	1400
	(in)	26	51.6	55.1
NPC 050-130	(mm)	760	1858	1447
	(in)	29.9	73.1	57
NPC 150-230	(mm)	870	2240	2065
	(in)	34.3	88.2	81.3

4.10 Materials in contact with the liquid to be cooled

There can be two different groups.

Standard refrigerators: carbon steel, copper, aluminium, zinc, brass, stainless steel and plastics in particular:

- evaporator with copper tubes, aluminium fins and shoulders in galvanised steel;
- tank in carbon steel;

Refrigerators with non-ferrous water circuit: stainless steel (AISI 304), copper, brass and plastics in particular:

- evaporator with tubes and fins in copper and brass shoulders;
- tank in AISI 304 stainless steel;

alternatively

- external plate evaporator
- prismatic atmospheric tank

The pump mechanical seals are made of ceramics, graphite and/or EPDM.

4.11 Minimum distances from walls in the installation ambient See enclosures.

4.12 Electrical circuit

For the electrical connections, see Chapter 5 "Installation", Installation, and consult the enclosed drawings.

INSTALLATION



ATTENTION

Before carrying out the installation or operating on this machine, ensure that all the personnel has read and understood the Chapter 2 "Safety" in this manual.

5.1 Inspection

Immediately after uncrating, inspect the unit.

5.2 Positioning

- 1. The unit may be installed both outdoors and indoors.
- 2. If installed indoors, the room must be well ventilated and with a sufficient height which allows the air to be expelled by fans. In some cases it may be necessary to install fans or extractors to limit the temperature of the room.
- 3. The minimum and maximum working ambient temperature are specified on the unit data plate. In extreme temperature conditions, the protection devices may trip.
- 4. The machine must be positioned on any flat surface capable of supporting its weight.
- 5. Leave at least one metre around the unit to permit access during service operations.
- 6. Do not obstruct or disturb the condenser's flow of thermal exchanging air.

5.3 Antifreeze protection

Even if the minimum working ambient temperature is above 0° C it is possible for the machine - during stoppages in the cold seasons - to find itself in an environment with a temperature below 0° C.

In these cases, if the machine is not emptied, antifreeze (ethylene glycol) must be added in the following percentages to prevent the formation of ice:

Ambient temperature up to [°C] (°F)	Ethylene Glycol [% in weight]
0 (32)	0
-5 (23)	15
-10 (14)	25
-15 (5)	30
-20 (-4)	40

Table 7 ADDING ETHYLENE GLYCOL BASED ON THE AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

Add the following anti-freeze (ethylene glycol) percentages in order to avoid freezing when operating at low water outlet temperature:

Water outlet temperature up to [°C] (°F)	Ethylene Glycol [% in weight]
5 (41)	0
0 (32)	19
-5 (23)	27
-10 (14)	34
-15 (5)	39
-20 (-4)	44

Table 8 ADDITION OF ETHYLENE GLYCOL ACCORDING TO THE WATER OUTLET TEMPERATURE

ATTENTION

Carry out the level sensor calibration when the unit is activated the first time. Repeat the operation each time the composition of the process liquid changes.

5.3.1 Operating limits

The operating limits are decided at the time of sale. Refer to the contract data.

		Minimum	Maximum
ambient air temperature Standard version	°C /°F	-5 /23	43 /109.4(*)
evaporator inlet water temperature	°C /°F	-5 /23(****)	35 /95
evaporator outlet water temperature	°C /°F	-10 /14(****)	30 /86

(*) With outlet water to a temperature of 15 °C

(****) For temperatures below +5°C (41°F) use antifreeze solutions.

5.4 Hydraulic connections

NOTE

All hydraulic connections must be carried out by the customer.

- 1. Connect the unit to the water pipelines respecting the water flow direction as indicated in the annexed overall dimension drawings.
- 2. Provide two cocks (one at the inlet and one at the outlet) for excluding the unit when maintaining without emptying the user water circuit.
- 3. Fill the tank with water using:
 - · A remote discharge system. In this case it is necessary to leak manually the air from the tank by operating on the manual valve.
 - If there are frequent air infiltrations into the water circuit it is advisable to install an automatic bleed valve.
- 4. If the machine is supplied without a pump, make sure that the pump installed by the user has the suction directly connected to the tank outlet

NOTE

The pump must never run dry.

ATTENTION

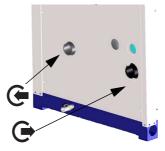
If the unit is furnished without hydraulic group, it is necessary to install a pump for the evaporation water circuit. For maintenance purposes, we recommend installing a water drainage cock in the lower part of the circuit.

Evaporator water connection size

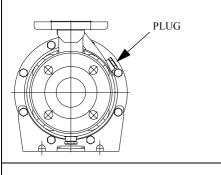
BD7 unit model	D7 unit model 015!020		03\$!0(\$ 0*\$!% \$	
Evaporator water IN/ OUT connections	Rp 3/4"	Rp 1"	Rp 1" 1/2	Rp 2"

ATTENTION

For correct operation, we strongly recommend the installation of a water filter to be connected to the inlet pipe to avoid the entry of solid particles that could damage the pumps. The non-observance of this prescription can cause big damages to the evaporator.



Œ	Process water inlet		P	Process water outlet	

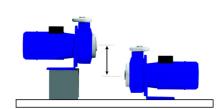


When filling the circuit with liquid check to ensure the absence of air bubbles and contaminants. If the pump runs noisily or emits anomalous noise it may be necessary to bleed the liquid circuit in order to prime the pump.

The procedure is as follows:

- unscrew the filler/breather plug at the top of the pump
- fill the hydraulic circuit until water starts to overflow from the filled hole
- refit the plug and tighten it

Repeat the operation if the pump continues to run noisily, in such a way as to eliminate any air that had previously remained trapped in the impeller vanes.



In the event of double pump, keep particular attention during priming the pump. It is necessary to verify first the pump positioned on the top.

5.5 Expansion tank

If the hydraulic circuit is of closed type, it is necessary to install an expansion tank.

The expansion tank must always be connected at pump inlet.

To calculate the minimum volume of the expansion tank required for a given installation, the formula below cab be used and is valid if the pressure is less than or equal to 0.5 bar when the pump is stopped and the maximum working pressure of the expansion tank is greater than or equal to 4 bar.

The volume of the expansion tank V in litres is given by the formula:

 $V = 2 \cdot Vt \cdot (Ptmin - Ptmax)$

where:

Vt= total volume of the circuit in litres

Ptmin= specific weight at the minimum temperature obtainable by water

over the year in °C (even with the plant stopped)

Ptmax= specific weight at the maximum temperature obtainable by water

over the year in °C (even with the plant stopped)

Example of calculation:

Vt=200 litres

percentage of ethylene glycol in volume =30%

tmin = 5°C from the table **Ptmin**=(1.045+1.041)/2 = 1.043

tmax = 40°C from the table **Ptmax**=1.0282

V=2 $\cdot 200 \cdot (1.043 - 1.0282) = 5.92$ litres

Table of specific weights P

	% Glycol	0%	10%	20%	30%	40%
	-20(-4)	1,0036	1,0195	1,0353	1,0511	1,0669
[.c]	-10(14)	1,0024	1,0177	1,033	1,0483	1,0635
	0(32)	1,0008	1,0155	1,0303	1,045	1,0598
ratu	10(50)	0,9988	1,013	1,0272	1,0414	1,0556
Temperature	20(68)	0,9964	1,0101	1,0237	1,0374	1,051
Tel	30(86)	0,9936	1,0067	1,0199	1,033	1,0461
	40(104)	0,9905	1,003	1,0156	1,0282	1,0408

Table 9 SPECIFIC WEIGHTS

5.6 Electrical connections

The machine must be connected to the main power supply in accordance with the laws and regulations in force in the country of installation, after verifying the wiring diagram annexed to the unit.

Voltage, frequency and the number of phases must comply with the values indicated on the machine data plate.

Main distribution systems in United States:

System	Nominal Voltage	Utilizatio	n Voltage
Ť	120	115	110
÷	240/120	230/115	220/110
\succeq	600 480 240	575 460 230	550 440 220
÷	480	460	440
7	480/277 208/120	460/266 200/115	440/254 190/110
\$	240/120	230/115	220/110
F	240/120	230/115	220/110

Main distribution systems in Canada:

System	Nominal Voltage	Utilizatio	n Voltage
Ť.	240	230	220
	480	460	440
	600	575	550
÷ 🗀	240/120	230/115	220/110
\succeq	600	575	550
	480	460	440
	240	230	220
-	600	575	550
	480	460	440
	240	230	220
\$	600/347 480/277 416*/240 208/120		550/318 440/254 380*/220 190/110

For mains power input:

- 1. Connect the machine (terminal in the electrical panel) to the earth system of the building;
- 2. Provide protection against direct contact of at least NEMA Type 1 upline from the power cable;
- **3.** Fit a device protecting the power cable from overcurrent (short-circuit) (see indication in the electrical diagram) upline from the power cable. For this purpose, all protection devices must be homologated ("listed").
- **4.** Use conductors which can carry the maximum current required at the maximum ambient operating temperature, according to the type of installation chosen (seeindication in the electrical diagram). Use only UL marked copper cables, in conformity with NEC (NATIONAL ELECTRICAL CODE) and CEC (CANADIAN ELECTRICAL CODE).
- 5. After the connection to the circuit breaker/switch (as indicated in the wiring diagram), the unit's power cable must exit the unit by the appropriate hole positioned on the back panel and identified by a label with the indication of the power supply.

START UP

ATTENTION

Before starting up these units be sure that all personnel have read and understood the Chapter 2 "Safety".

- 1. Check that the machine's on/off valves are open.
- 2. Check that the tank is completely full of water and properly vented.
- 3. Carry out the level sensor calibration as indicated in the 8.5 "Level sensor" paragraph
- 4. Check that the ambient temperature is within the limits indicated in the machine data plate.
- 5. It is possible to check that the pressure is about 0.5 bar on the manometer located on the back of the unit (only if the water circuit is of the closed type).



- **6.**Check that the main switch is in the OFF position ("0").
- 7. Check that the power supply voltage is correct.
- 8. Power the machine by means of the supply line protection device.
- 9. Turn the machine main switch ON ("I").
- 10. Check that the water flows across the evaporator.
- 11. Press button for 5 seconds if you want to start the unit.

 The led flashes for 5 seconds and then it remains lit.

To **power-off** the machine, press the kev



12. In three-phase units, check that compressor works correctly (it must not be noisy or overheated) and check that the fans and the pump (if installed) rotation direction is correct.

If necessary invert two phases of supply.

- 13. Check that the pressure difference between the value read on the manometer located on the machine control panel with the pump in motion and the value read with the pump stopped is higher than the available pressure with the pump's maximum flow capacity. If this difference is lower, it means that the water flow capacity is higher than the maximum value allowed. In order not to damage the pump, it is necessary to increase the pressure drop of the hydraulic circuit by, for example, partially closing a pump discharge cock.
- 14. If with the first start-up, there is a high ambient temperature and the temperature of the water in the hydraulic circuit is much higher than the working value (e.g. 25-30°C) this means that the refrigerator starts up overloaded with the consequence of possible tripping of the protection devices. To reduce this overload, a refrigerator outlet valve can be gradually (but not totally!) closed to reduce the flow of water passing through it. Open the valve as the water temperature in the hydraulic circuit reaches the working value.
- 15. The machine is now ready for operating.
 - If the thermal load is lower than that produced by the unit, the water temperature drops until it reaches the set point (ST01 parameter) set following the instruction of chapter Electronic Board.

When SET-POINT value has been reached, the electronic control controlling the water inlet temperature stops the compressor. The water pump, on the other hand, is always in motion.

ELECTRONIC BOARD

7.1 Display

The display is divided in 3 zones.



Top-left zone

It displays the temperature of temperature regulation probe.

NOTE

The displaying depends on the setting of parameter CF36 (see chapter 7.9 "Values displayed").



Bottom-left zone

It displays the operating setpoint, OFF with stand-by unit.

NOTE

The displaying depends on the setting of parameter CF42 (see chapter 7.9 "Values displayed").



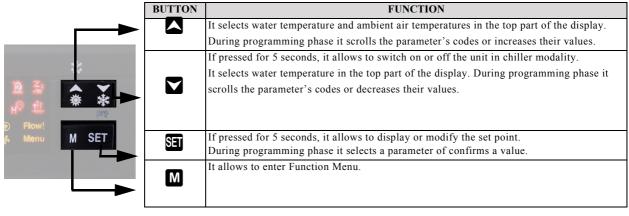
Right zone

Signalling icons.

7.1.1 Display icons

ICON	MEANING	ICON	MEANING
°C	Celsius degrees (If displayed)	L	Low pressure alarm
C	Fahrenheit degrees (If not displayed)	<u> </u>	Antifreeze resistance
bar	Bar/Psi	•	Pump on
ı	Compressor 1	Flow!	Flow meter alarm
2	Compressor 2	(Time to defrost starting
Z _z	Stand-by unit	4	Fans on
⚠	General alarm	Menu	Indication for Function Menu entering
H [©]	High pressure alarm		

7.2 Function of buttons



7.2.1 Function of combined buttons

BUTTONS FUNCTION				
+ SET	+ SEI To enter programming phase (pressed for 5 sec).			
+ SET	To exit programming phase.			
+ SET	If pressed for more than 5 seconds they allow to start a manual defrosting cycle (function not present).			

7.3 Symbols and leds on the display

LED	LED STATUS	MEANING	LED	LED STATUS	MEANING
*		Not enabled	***		Not enabled
*	Steady	Unit on in chiller modality	***		Not enabled
**	Flashing	Programming phase (if flashes together with led)	Ф		Clock adjustment
*****		Not enabled			

7.4 Remote terminal

7.4.1 Function of buttons



BUTTON	FUNCTION
menu	It allows to enter Function Menu.
set	If pressed for 5 sec., it allows to display or modify the set point. During programming phase it selects a parameter or confirms a value.
0	It selects water temperature in the top part of the display. During programming phase it scrolls the parameter's codes or increases their values.
0	It selects water temperature in the top part of the display. During programming phase it scrolls the parameter's codes or decreases their values.
	If pressed for 5 seconds it allows to switch on or off the unit.
*	Not enabled

If there is no communication between the unit and the remote terminal, in the top part of the display it appears the message "noL" (no link).

NOTE

The displaying depends on the setting of parameter CF43-CF44 (see chapter 7.9 "Values displayed").

7.5 Displaying during an alarm



During normal operation (no alarm), when an alarm occurs the alarm code and the appropriate icon flash in the bottom part of the display, alternated to the temperature / pressure.

7.5.1 Alarm icons

There are four icons for alarm signalling:

\triangle	General alarm
H	High pressure alarm
L [©]	Low pressure alarm
Flow!	Flow meter alarm

7.6 How to silence the buzzer

Automatic silencing: it happens when the cause of the alarm has been eliminated.

Manual silencing: press and release one of the four buttons; the buzzer silences even if the alarm condition persists.

7.7 First start up

At the first start up of the unit in the bottom part of the display it could appear the message "rtc" alternated with the temperature. It indicates that it is necessary to regulate the clock.

If the probes used to control the unit are not connected or are damaged, the appropriate alarm will be displayed.

However, it is possible to regulate the clock or to programme the unit.

7.8 Programming by keyboard

The parameters of electronic control are divided in two groups and in two levels:

- 1. USER (Pr1);
- 2. SERVICE (Pr2).

USER level allows to access user parameters, SERVICE level allows to access the parameters of unit configuration (it is protected by a password).

The parameter's groups, indicated by some "Label", are divided as follows:

LABEL	ACTION
ALL	It displays all parameters
ST	It displays Thermoregulation parameters
CF	It displays Configuration parameters
Sd	It displays only the parameters of the Dynamic Setpoint (NOT ENABLED FUNCTION)
ES	It displays only the parameters of the Energy Saving (NOT ENABLED FUNCTION)
CO	It displays Compressor parameters
FA	It displays Fan parameters
Ar	It displays only the parameters of the Antifreeze Resistance
dF	It displays only the parameters of the Defrosting (NOT ENABLED FUNCTION)
AL	It displays only the Alarm parameters
LS	It displays only the LASER parameters (NOT ENABLED FUNCTION)

7.8.1 Access to "Pr1" parameters (User level)

To enter the menu of "Pr1" parameters which can be access by the user:

- 1. Press for some seconds + buttons (and start flashing), in the top of the display appears "ALL", the first group of
- 2. Select the various groups using and buttons.
- 3. After selecting a group, press button: if the selected group is part of the selected menu or any parameter of this group has been moved in this menu, in the bottom of the display it appears the "Label" and the code of the group's first parameter present in "Pr1", its value appears in the top of the display.
 - It will not be possible to enter a parameter's group which is not part of this menu.

4. It is possible to scroll or modify the parameters contained in the group.

7.8.2 How to modify a parameter's value

- 1. Enter the programming procedure.
- 2. Select the desired parameter.
- 3. Press button to enable the value's adjustment.
- 4. Modify the value by means of and buttons.
- 5. Press to store the new value and to pass to the code of the following parameter.
- 6. To exit the procedure: Press + when a parameter is displayed, or wait (about 240 seconds) without pressing any button.

NOTE

The new value is stored also when the programming procedure is terminated for "time out", without pressing button.



ATTENTION

You can modify the parameter of the CF (configuration parameters) family only when the unit is in stand by

Values displayed

The values visualized on the display change according to the configuration of parameters CF36 for the top part and CF42 for the bottom part. For remote terminal it changes according to the configuration of parameters CF43 for the top part and CF44 for the bottom part.

Parameter CF36/CF43 = 0

In the top part of the display it appears the probe BEWOT

Parameter CF36/CF43 = 1

In the top part of the display it appears the probe BTWOT

Parameter CF36/CF43 = 2

No value will appear in the top part of the display

Parameter CF36/CF43 = 3

In the top part of the display it appears the probe BAT1

Parameter CF36/CF43 = 4

In the top part of the display it appears the chiller set; off when unit in stand-by

Parameter CF36/CF43 = 5

In the top part of the display it appears "OnC" when the unit is operating; off when unit in stand-by

Parameter CF36/CF43 = 6

In the top part of the display it appears the LASER set (FUNCTION NOT ENABLED)

Parameter CF36/CF43 = 7

No value will appear in the top part of the display

Parameter CF36/CF43 = 8

In the top part of the display it appears the operating differential

Parameter CF42/CF44 = 0

In the bottom part of the display it appears the probe **BEWOT**

Parameter CF42/CF44 = 1

In the bottom part of the display it appears the probe BTWOT

Parameter CF42/CF44 = 2

In the bottom part of the display it appears the probe PCP1

Parameter CF42/CF44 = 3

In the bottom part of the display it appears the probe BAT1

Parameter CF42/CF44 = 4

In the bottom part of the display it appears the chiller set; off when unit in stand-by

Parameter CF42/CF44 = 5

In the bottom part of the display it appears "OnC" when the unit is operating

Parameter CF42/CF44 = 6

In the bottom part of the display it appears the LASER set (FUNCTION NOT ENABLED)

Parameter CF42/CF44 = 7

No value will appear in the bottom part of the display

Parameter CF42/CF44 = 8

In the bottom part of the display it appears the operating differential

If the probe BTWOT has been selected has default, every time you press for 30 sec the top display visualizes the BEWOT probe, in the bottom part of the display it will appear the "Label" Pb2 than the default value will return to be displayed.

If the probe **BEWOT** has been selected has default, every time you press for 30 sec the top display visualizes the **BTWOT** probe, in the bottom part of the display it will appear the "Label" Pb1 than the default value will return to be displayed.

7.10 Unit switching on / off

The pressure of button for 5 seconds allows to switch on or off the unit.

The led of icon flashes for 5 seconds then it remains lit.

7.11 How to put the unit in stand-by

Stand-by modality is obtained every time the unit is switched off.

It is indicated by the symbol $\stackrel{\angle z}{\Rightarrow}$ lit.

Also in stand-by modality the controller can:

- 1. Display the measured values
- 2. Manage the alarms by displaying and signalling.

NPC 015 TO 230

7.12 Function menu (button)

The access to Function Menu allows to:

- 1. Display and reset the alarms (see 7.12.3 "How to display the alarms "ALrM""). Reset the alarms (see "How to reset an alarm "rSt"").
- 2. Display the alarm history (see 7.12.5 "How to display the alarm historic "ALoG"").
- 3. Upload the parameters from the unit to the key.
- **4.** Display the operating hours of the controlled loads. Reset the operating hours of the controlled loads.

7.12.1 Access to Function menu

Press and release **M** button (menu).

The icon "Menu" will appear.

7.12.2 Exit Function menu

Press and release **M** button or wait for time out (30 seconds).

The icon "Menu" disappears.

7.12.3 How to display the alarms "ALrM"

- 1. Press M to enter Function menu.
- 2. Press or to select "ALrM" function.
- 3. Press and release button.
- 4. Press or to scroll all alarms.
- 5. To exit press M or wait for time out (30 seconds).

7.12.4 How to reset an alarm "rSt"

- 1. Press M to enter Function menu.
- 2. Select "ALrM" function
- 3. Press , in the bottom of the display it appears the alarm code.
- 4. If the alarm can be reset in the top of the display it appears the Label "rSt", it the alarm can not be reset it appears the Label "NO".
- 5. Use or button to scroll all the alarms.
- 6. When the Label "rSt" is displayed, press to reset the alarm and go to the following one.
- 7. To exit press button or wait for time out (30 seconds).

7.12.5 How to display the alarm historic "ALoG"

- 1. Press **M** button to enter Function menu.
- 2. Use or button to select the function "ALoG".
- 3. Press until the Label with the alarm code will appear in the bottom of the display, and the Label "no" with a progressive number will appear in the top of the display.
- 4. Using or button scroll all the alarms.
- 5. To exit "ALoG" function and to return to normal displaying, press button or wait for time out (30 seconds).

The memory contains until 50 alarms, a further alarm will cancel from the memory the oldest one (the displaying is in increasing order, from the oldest one to the most recent one).

7.12.6 How to reset the alarm history "ArSt"

- 1. Enter Function menu.
- 2. Select "ALoG" function in the bottom of the display.
- 3. Press button.
- 4. Inside "ALoG" function, using or button, select the function "ArSt" in the bottom of the display and "PAS" in the top of the display.
- 5. Press : the password is required. In the bottom of the display it appears "PAS", "0" flashes in the top of the display.
- 6. Insert the password for resetting.
- 7. If the password is correct the Label "ArSt" flashes for 5 seconds to confirm the resetting.

After resetting the unit returns to normal displaying.

7.12.7 Displaying the operating hours of loads "C1Hr - C2Hr - PFHr"

- 1. Press M button to enter Function menu.
- 2. Press or button until the Label of a single load appears in the bottom of the display: C1Hr (operating hours of compressor 1), C2Hr (operating hours of compressor 2), PFHr (operating hours of water pump and of outlet fan).

 The operating hours will appear in the top of the display.
- 3. The icon will be lit.

7.12.7.4 Reset of the load operating hours

- 1. Press button to enter Function menu.
- 2. Press or button until the Label of a single load appears in the bottom of the display (C1Hr, C2Hr only 201÷351 units, PFHr) and the operating hours appear in the top of the display.
- 3. Press button for 3 seconds: in the top of the display it will appear "0". It indicates that the reset has happened.
- 4. To exit Function menu, press button or wait for time out (15 seconds).
- 5. For the other loads repeat the operations from point 2. to point 4.

7.13 Other functions by keyboard

7.13.1 How to display the Set Point

Press and release button.

In the bottom part of the display it appears **SetC** (chiller set).

7.13.2 How to modify the Set Point

- 1. Press button for 5 seconds at least.
- 2. The set point will flash.
- 3. Use or button to modify the set point value.
- 4. To store the new set point value press button or wait for time out to exit programming procedure.

7.14 Compressors unloading function

This procedure is necessary when sudden peaks in cooling demand occur, for instance if the machine is restarted after a long period of inactivity.

Under these conditions the evaporator inlet water temperature might be so high as to require a cooling delivery in excess of system capacity.

The consequent system evapled would require the start up of all the compressors at once, which would be forced to exerct in page limit.

The consequent system overload would require the start-up of all the compressors at once, which would be forced to operate in near-limit conditions.

The overburdened compressors would thus be subject to dangerous overheating which would cause the activation of the thermal protections, or the pressure of the refrigerant gas could reach alarm levels which would cause the machine to shut down.

This function enables the machine to run (through the switch-off or capacity step operation of the compressors) even when the temperature of the water at the evaporator's inlet is high (summer start-up with hot water accumulation), preventing the possible triggering of high pressure alarms. It is not present in one compressor units.

The following messages will flash on the display:

AEUn= evaporator unloading function

ACUn= condensation unloading function

7.15 Probe key

In this chapter are indicated the probes **BEWOT**, **BTWOT**, **BCP1** and **BAT1**, for their positioning consult the refrigerant drawing. Their description is indicated in the following table:

Name in the manual	Borne name	Description
-BEWOT	PB1	EVAPORATOR WATER OUTLET TEMPERATURE PROBE
-BTWOT	PB2	TANK WATER OUTLET TEMPERATURE PROBE
-BCP1	PB3	CONDENSING PRESSURE TRANSDUCER (only with electronic regulation)
-BAT1	PB4	AMBIENT AIR TEMPERATURE PROBE (Only with antifreeze protection
		function)

OTHER COMPONENTS SETTING

8.1 Compressor integral protection (PI)

For each compressor, this protection consists of three or six thermistor probes, each inserted in the winding of a motor phase; they are connected in series and, depending on the model, the terminals can be external. This system ensures complete protection against most of the problems which can give rise to burning of the windings. When it trips, it is necessary to find and eliminate the cause; then you can start the machine again by pressing ON-OFF button.

8.2 Refrigerant high and low pressure switches

The units are fitted with the following pressure switches:

1. low pressure switch (LP)

This monitors refrigerant compressor suction pressure and will trip to avoid that values dangerous for compressor normal operation are reached. It is of an "automatic reset" type. The alarm A02 (see chapter "12.1 Alarm codes and actions"), produced by this pressure switch tripping, can have a delay time after the compressor starting to avoid simple intake pressure fluctuations or false alarms interfere with the unit normal operation. After the time set, the pressure switch tripping will be detected by the electronic board which will display the alarm signal A02 (see chapter "12.1 Alarm codes and actions") band will stop the compressor/s while the pump (if it is installed) will continue to operate. After the alarm tripping, if the compressor intake pressure increases and exceeds the pressure switch tripping value it will restart. It will be possible to start up the unit again following the alarm reset procedure described in Chapter 7 "Electronic Board". If the cause of the pressure switch tripping has not removed this cycle will repeat continuously.

2. high pressure switch (HP)

This monitors the refrigerant compressor discharge pressure and prevents it increases to levels dangerous for compressor working and for people safety. It is of an "automatic reset" type. Its tripping is detected by the electronic board which will open the compressor power supply circuit and will display the alarm signal **A01** (see chapter "12.1 Alarm codes and actions"). When the compressor outlet pressure drops below the reset point it is reset.

It will be possible to start up the unit again following the alarm reset procedure described in Chapter 7 "*Electronic Board*". If the cause of the pressure switch tripping has not removed this cycle will repeat continuously.

The pressure switches LP and HP are screwed to the refrigerant circuit piping with SCHRAEDER valves (with needle) which prevent leakage during replacement.

The TRIP and RESET values of the pressure switches depend upon the refrigerant gas used and are listed in the table below:

Duossanus savitale	Defrigenent		TH	RIP			RES	SET	
Pressure switch	Refrigerant	bar	PSI	°C	°F	bar	PSI	°C	°F
HP	R407C	27.2	394.5	63.4	146.1	20.5	297.3	51.5	124.7
LP	K40/C	1.7	24.6	-17.3	0.9	2.7	39.1	-8.8	16.2

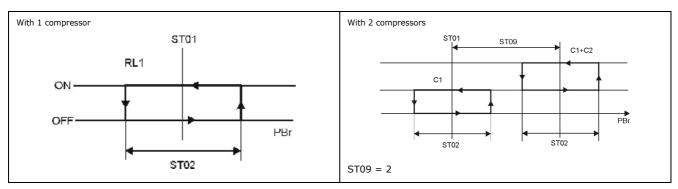
Only for TAEevo 351

Component	Refrigerant		TF	RIP			RES	SET	
Component	Kenigerant	bar	PSI	°C	°F	bar	PSI	°C	°F
HP-Safety High pressure switch	R407C	26.7	387.3	62.7	144.9	22.7	329.2	51.9	125.4
HP-Type Approved High pressure switch	K40/C	26.3	381.4	62.1	143.8	20.3	294.4	51.3	124.3

8.3 Compressor operation

The thermoregulation used is of proportional type. After fixing the temperature and differential values, the compressor will start when the value measured will exceed the sum of temperature + differential. It will stop when the value will be lower than the temperature - differential. The same logic will be applied also in two compressor units.

8.3.1 Compressor regulation graphic in Chiller mode



8.4 Fan speed regulation

The fan speed regulation can be carried out by means of a pressure switch (FP).

1. Fan pressure switch (FP)

In these units a pressure switch detects the refrigerant compressor outlet pressure and controls the fan operation powering them on or off

The pressure switch FP is screwed to the refrigerant circuit piping with SCHRAEDER valves (with needle) which prevent leakage during replacement.

The TRIP and RESET values of the pressure switch depend upon the refrigerant gas used and are listed in the table below:

Axial fans

Pressure switch	Defrigenant		TR	RIP			RES	SET	
rressure switch	Refrigerant	bar	PSI °C °F bar				PSI	°C	°F
Axial fans FP	R407C	18	261	46.4	115.5	14	203	37.0	98.6

8.5 Level sensor

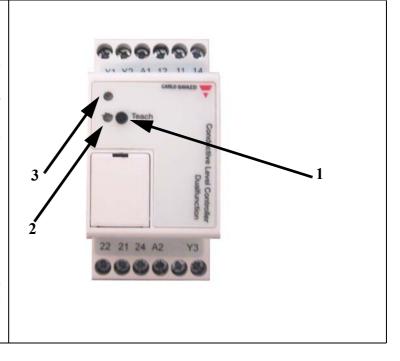
ATTENTION

- Take all the necessary precautionary measures to avoid accidental contact with powered elements.
- The voltage values inside the electric panel can be lethal for humans.
- The manufacturer is responsible for level sensor calibration and therefore further modifications are not necessary. Key (1) is sealed to prevent tampering by the user.

The level sensor indicates the absence of process water inside the tank. An alarm, with relative blocking of the unit, appears on the control display.

Level sensor calibration (to be performed only on instruction by the MTA Service Centre):

- Make sure the level probe is immersed in the liquid (at least 1 cm).
- **2.** Power on the system; green LED (3) will illuminate steadily.
- **3.** Amber LED (2) may illuminate or remain off.
- **4.** Press black "Teach" pushbutton (1) and hold down for more than 2 seconds.
- **5.** Green LED (3) will flash while amber LED (2) can:
 - illuminate, if it was previously off
 - remain illuminated, if it was previously lit.
- 6. This sequence of steps causes the device to self-calibrate in accordance with the electrical resistance of the liquid.



NOTE

If the electrical resistance of the liquid is outside the maximum range of the control device, green LED (3) will flash rapidly for 2 seconds while amber LED (2) remains off, thus signalling a teach-in error.

ATTENTION

The level sensor has been calibrated by MTA to operate at maximum sensitivity admissible on the instrument (220kOhm). Modifications to this setting may impair correct operation.

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE

9.1 Operation

The machine operates in completely automatic mode.

There is not necessary to turn it off when there is no thermal load as it turns off automatically when the preset water outlet temperature has been reached.

9.2 Maintenance

ATTENTION

Before proceeding with the installation or the maintenance of these units be sure that all personnel concerned have read and understood the Chapter 2 "Safety".

9.3 Unit access

ATTENTION

Everytime the panels must be removed the unit must be switched off and disconnected from power supply.

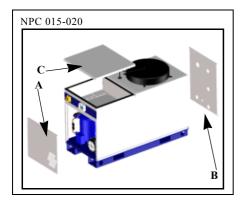
To access the components of the refrigerant circuit use an appropriate key furnished with the unit and operate on the closing bolts of the front panel (A).

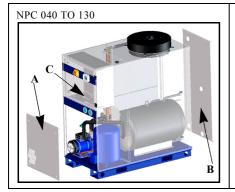
The access to the evaporator and to the components of the hydraulic circuit can be carried out by unscrewing, by a screwdriver, the screws fixing the panel (B).

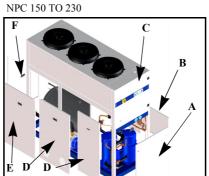
To access the components of the electrical circuit remove the front panel (C).

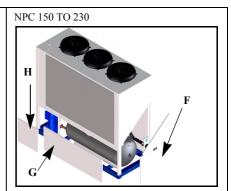
For models NPC 150 TO 230

To access the components of the refrigerant circuit operate on the closing bolts of the panel (A). Furthermore, it is possible to access the components of the refrigerant circuit removing the side panels (B-D). The access to the evaporator and to the components of the hydraulic circuit can be carried out removing the back panel (F) or the side panels (D), (E), (G) or (H).







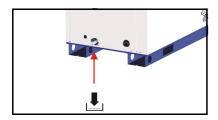


9.4 Emptying the process water circuit

Use the cock installed on the unit lower side if the storage tank need to be emptied for maintenance purposes (in models fitted with a hydraulic unit).

ATTENTION

The water circuit must be emptied when a unit that has no heating elements or anti-freeze liquid is to be left inactive for a certain period of time in an environment where the temperature may fall low enough to freeze the water in the evaporator (with the risk of breaking the evaporator).



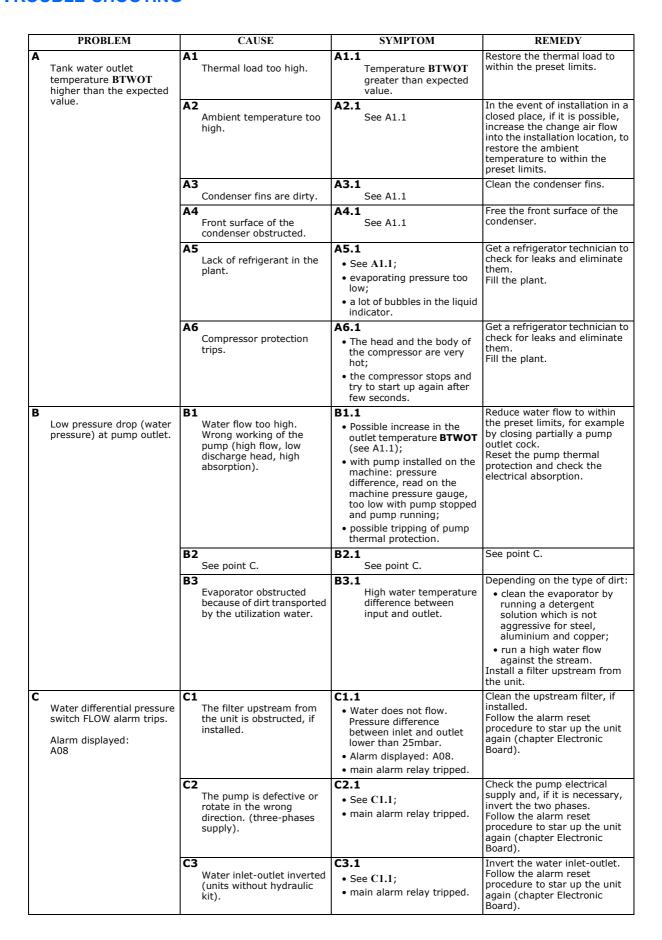
9.5 Maintenance schedule

OPERATION	1 day	1 month	6 months	1 year
Check for any alarm signals.	X			
Check that the water outlet temperature is within the envisaged range.	X			
Check that the water inlet temperature is in accordance with the value used for selecting the unit.		X		
In units with hydraulic group, check that the pressure in the tank (with pump stopped, if present) is at least 0.5 bar with the circuit closed.		X		
In units with hydraulic group, check that the difference between the discharge and the suction pressure of the pump (measured on the manometer with the pump stopped) is within expected limits and, in particular, that it is not lower than the value corresponding to the maximum flow capacity.		X		
Clean the water filter. We recommend to clean the filter after a week from the unit starting.		X		
Check that the liquid indicator (if present) is full or with a small stream of bubbles when the compressor is running.			X	
Check that the unit current absorption is within the values on the data plate.			X	
Carry out visual inspection of refrigerant circuit, looking out for any deterioration of the piping or any traces of oil which might indicate a refrigerant leak.			X	
Check the condition and security of piping connections.			X	
Check the condition and security of electrical connections.			X	
Using a spanner, check that the connections between the compressor inlet and outlet pipelines have not slackened.			х	
Check that the ambient air temperature is within the unit capacities. Check that the environment is well ventilated.		x		
Check that fan is automatically switched on. Thoroughly clean the fins of the condenser with soft brush and/or jet of clean compressed air. Check that the grilles of the unit are free from dirt and any other obstructions.			X	
Clean condenser fins with a mild detergent.				х

ATTENTION

- This plan is based on an average working situation.
- $\hbox{- In some installations it may be necessary to increase the frequency of maintenance.}$

TROUBLE SHOOTING



PROBLEM	CAUSE	SYMPTOM	REMEDY
High pressure switch tripped (HP) Alarm displayed: A01	The fan doesn't work.	 Refrigerant compressor stops; the indication A01 appears on the display alternated to BTWOT value; main alarm relay tripped; the led of icon H lights up. 	Repair or replace the fan. Verify the eventual heat protection of the fan/s. Follow the alarm reset procedure to star up the unit again (chapter Electronic Board). Check the fan speed regulation system.
	D2 Ambient air temperature too high.	D2.1 • Air ambient temperature higher than maximum permitted value; • see D1.1	In the event of installation in a closed place, reduce the ambient temperature to within design limits, for example by increasing local ventilation. Follow the alarm reset procedure to star up the unit again (chapter Electronic Board).
	Recirculation of warm air due to incorrect installation location.	• Condenser thermal exchanging air temperature higher than the permitted value; • see D1.1	Change the position of the unit or the position of any adjacent obstructions to avoid recirculation. Follow the alarm reset procedure to star up the unit again (chapter Electronic Board).
	D4 See A3	D4.1 See D1.1	Clean the condenser fins. Follow the alarm reset procedure to star up the unit again (chapter Electronic Board).
	D5 See A4	D5.1 See D1.1	Clean the front surface of the condenser. Follow the alarm reset procedure to star up the unit again (chapter Electronic Board).
	Thermal load too high.	 • Water outlet temperature too high; • refrigerant compressor stops; • main alarm relay tripped. 	If possible, reduce the thermal load to within the design limits. Follow the alarm reset procedure to star up the unit again (chapter Electronic Board).
E Low pressure switch tripped (LP) Alarm displayed: A02	E1 Lack of refrigerant (see also A5).	 Refrigerant compressor stops; the indication A02 appears on the display alternated to BTWOT value; main alarm relay tripped. the led of icon L lights up. 	Call a qualified refrigeration engineer to check for leaks and replenish refrigerant charge.
	The filter upstream from the unit is dirty, if installed.	E2.1 See E1.1.	Clean or replace the water inlet filter, if installed.
Compressor protection trips Alarm displayed: A09 or A10	Thermal load too high combined with a shortage of refrigerant (also see A5).	• The head and the body of the compressor are very hot; • the compressor stops and tries to restart after a short period (even a few seconds); • compressor thermal protection trips; • the indication A09 or A10 appears on the display; • the led of general alarm icon	Call a qualified refrigeration engineer to check for leaks and replenish refrigerant charge.
	The rotation direction of scroll compressor is wrong (only three-phase units).	The refrigerant fluid is not compressed and the unit doesn't cool.	Invert two phases of the power supply.

	PROBLEM	CAUSE	SYMPTOM	REMEDY
G	Digital display and all LEDs off although P1 main switch On ("I").	G1 Auxiliary circuit fuse tripping.	Measuring with a tester the voltage at the transformer secondary winding connector, there will be not tension survey.	Check the causes of the fuse tripping. Replace the fuse.
		Abnormal power consumption by one or more of the control board components.	Despite presence of power at the connectors of the control board, the display and all LEDs remain unlit.	Try to turn the unit OFF and ON again. If this doesn't solve the problem, contact the nearest service centre
Н	Alarm displayed: P1, P2, P3, P4	H1 Probe BEWOT, BTWOT, BAT1 damaged.	H1.1 • See problem; • main alarm relay tripped.	Check that the temperature probe is correctly connected to the control board terminals and that the cable is undamaged. If necessary replace the probe.
I	Alarm displayed: A04	Low water outlet temperature. The value fixed by the parameter is lower than the one measured by the probe.	 T1.1 See problem; the compressor stops and restarts; main alarm relay tripped. the led of general alarm icon lights up. 	Identify and remove the cause which provoked BTWOT temperature decreasing to a value lower than Ar03.
		Too low water flow.	 I2.1 See problem; the compressor stops and restarts; main alarm relay tripped. 	Increase the water flow.
J	Alarm displayed: A08 pump thermal protection.	The pump's thermal protection device has tripped because the water flow is too high.	J1.1 See problem; main alarm relay tripped; the refrigerant compressor and pump stop; the indication A08 appears on the display alternated to BTWOT value; the pressure difference read on the machine gauge with the pump stopped and pump running is lower than the available head with maximum pump flow.	Reset the thermal protection device. Increase the pressure drop in the hydraulic circuit, for example by partially closing the pump output valve.
		The grille through which the pump cooling air passes is obstructed.	J2.1See problem;main alarm relay tripped;the refrigerant compressor and pump stop.	Reset the thermal protection device. Free the grille.
		The pump is defective.	 See problem; main alarm relay tripped; the refrigerant compressor and pump stop; the current absorbed by the pump is greater than the nominal rating; the pump may be noisy. 	Reset the thermal protection device. Replace the pump.
K	Alarm ACF1,ACF2,ACF3, ACF4,ACF5	K1 Configuration error.	K1.1 ACFx flashes on the display and unit blocked.	Turn off and turn on the unit. If this does not solve the problem, contact the nearest service centre.
L	Alarm EE	The processor does not memorize the data in the right way	 The machine does not work; EE flashes on the display; the led of general alarm icon lights up. 	Turn off and turn on the unit. If this does not solve the problem, contact the nearest service centre.

SETTING TABLES

The following tables show the list of all masks which contain adjustable parameters.

On **Factory setting** column are indicated the setting values set during the unit testing; they are referred only to the unit which has the same serial number you can find on the label of the first page of this manual.



The wrong programming of the electronic control could cause big damages to the unit. The parameters can be modified by specialized personnel only.

11.1 Parameter setting

To modify the following parameters, follow the procedure illustrated in Chapter 7 "Access to "Pr1" parameters (User level)" and Chapter 7 "How to modify a parameter's value".

11.1.1 Thermoregulation parameters

Parameter	Level	Description	Min.	Max.	Udm	Resolution	Factory setting
ST01	U	Summer set point	ST05	ST06	°C	Dec	9°C with 1 compr.
					°F	Int	48°F with 1compr.
					°C		8°C with 2 compr.
					°F		47°F with 2compr.
ST02	U	Summer differential	0.00	25.0	°C	Dec	4°C with 1 compr.
			0.00	45.0	°F	Int	7°F with 1 compr.
					°C		2°C with 2 compr.
					°F		4°F with 2 compr.
ST05	U	Summer min. set	-40.0	ST01	°C	Dec	5.0°C
			-40.0		°F	Int	41°F
Pr2		Password	0	999		-	-

11.1.2 Configuration parameters

Parameter	Level	Description	Min.	Max.	Udm	Resolution	Factory setting
CF34	U	Serial address	1	247			1
CF36	U	Default top displaying: • 0 = BEWIT. • 1 = BEWOT. • 2 = none. • 3 = BAT1. • 4 = unit setpoint • 5 = unit status (**) • 6 = Laser set • 7 = none • 8 = operating differential	0	8			1
CF42	U	Default bottom displaying: • 0 = BEWOT. • 1 = BTWOT. • 2 = BCP1 • 3 = BAT1. • 4 = unit setpoint • 5 = unit status (**) • 6 = Laser set • 7 = none • 8 = operating differential	0	8			4
CF43	U	Default top displaying of remote terminal: • 0 = BEWOT. • 1 = BTWOT. • 2 = BCP1 • 3 = BAT1. • 4 = unit setpoint • 5 = unit status (**) • 6 = Laser set • 7 = none • 8 = operating differential	0	8			1

Parameter	Level	Description	Min.	Max.	Udm	Resolution	Factory setting
CF44	U	Default bottom displaying of remote terminal: • 0 = BEWOT. • 1 = BTWOT. • 2 = none. • 3 = BAT1. • 4 = unit setpoint • 5 = unit status (**) • 6 = Laser set • 7 = none • 8 = operating differential	0	6			4
Pr2		Password	0	999			-

11.1.3 Dymanic set point parameters (NBCP1OT ENABLED FUNCTION)

Parameter	Level	Description	Min.	Max.	Udm	Resolution	Factory setting
Pr2		Password	0	999			-

11.1.4 Energy Saving parameters (NOT ENABLED FUNCTION)

Parameter	Level	Description	Min.	Max.	Udm	Resolution	Factory setting	
Pr2		Password	0	999			-	

11.1.5 Compressor parameters

Parameter	Level	Description	Min.	Max.	Udm	Resolution	Factory setting			
	EVAPORATOR UNLOADING									
	CONDENSER UNLOADING									
Pr2		Password	000	999			-			

11.1.6 Fan parameters

Parameter	Level	Description		Min.	Max.	Udm	Resolution	Factory setting
	HOT START							
Pr2		Password		000	999			=

11.1.7 Antifreeze support resistance parameters

Parameter	Level	Description		Max.	Udm	Resolution	Factory setting		
Ar03	U	Antifreeze alarm set	Ar01	Ar02	°C	Dec	3°C		
					°F	Int	38°F		
	BOILER FUNCTION (NOT ENABLED)								
Pr2		Password	000	999			-		

11.1.8 Defrost parameters (NOT ENABLED FUNCTION)

Parameter	Level	Description	Min.	Max.	Udm	Resolution	Factory setting
Pr2		Password	000	999			-

11.1.9 Alarm parameters

Parameter	Level	Description	Min.	Max.	Udm	Resolution	Factory setting
Pr2		Password	000	999			-

11.1.10 LASER parameters (NOT ENABLED FUNCTION)

Parameter	Level	Description	Min.	Max.	Udm	Resolution	Factory setting
Pr2		Password	000	999			-

- 0 0 0

ALARMS

12.1 Alarm codes and actions

See chapter 7.12.3 "How to display the alarms "ALrM" and 7.12.4 "How to reset an alarm "rSt".

CODE	MEANING	CAUSE	ACTION	RESET
P1	Alarm of BEWOT	Probe damaged or	"open collector" outlet / alarm relay is	Automatic
	probe	resistive value out of	activated	If the resistive value returns within the
		range	The buzzer is activated	envisaged range.
			The icon for general alarm flashes	
			The alarm code is displayed	
P2	Alarm of BTWOT	Probe damaged or	"open collector" outlet / alarm relay is	Automatic
	probe	resistive value out of	activated	If the resistive value returns within the
		range	The buzzer is activated	envisaged range.
			The icon for general alarm flashes	
			The alarm code is displayed	
P4	Alarm of BAT1	Probe damaged or	"open collector" outlet / alarm relay is	Automatic
	probe	resistive value out of	activated	If the resistive value returns within the
		range	The buzzer is activated	envisaged range.
			The icon for general alarm flashes	
			The alarm code is displayed	
A01	High pressure	Digital input / high	"open collector" outlet / alarm relay is	Manual
	switch alarm	pressure switch	activated	The digital input is disabled and the
		enabled	The buzzer is activated	resetting procedure is carried out
			The icon for high pressure alarm flashes	
			The alarm code is displayed	2.6
	Condensation fan	Digital input	"open collector" outlet / alarm relay is	Manual
	thermal protection	enabled	activated	Digital input disabled and the resetting
			The buzzer is activated	procedure is carried out
			The icon for general alarm flashes	
4.02	T	D:-it-1:	The alarm code is displayed	A
A02	Low pressure	Digital input / low	"open collector" outlet / alarm relay is	Automatic
	switch alarm	pressure switch enabled	activated The buzzer is activated	It becomes manual after the value set of
		enabled		"tripping per hour" Manual
			The icon for low pressure alarm flashes	
			The alarm code is displayed	The digital input is disabled and the
A03	Ambient air low	Analogue input	"open collector" outlet / alarm relay is	resetting procedure is carried out Automatic
1100	temperature alarm	enabled	activated	rutomatic
	temperature atarm	Chabica	The buzzer is activated	
			The icon for general alarm flashes	
			The alarm code is displayed	
A04	Unit outlet air low	Analogue input	"open collector" outlet / alarm relay is	Automatic
		enabled	activated	It becomes manual after nr. "tripping per
	(not enabled)		The buzzer is activated	hour"
	(The icon for general alarm flashes	
			The alarm code is displayed	
A05	High temperature	Analogue input	"open collector" outlet / alarm relay is	Manual
	High pressure	enabled if BAT1 >	activated	Disabled if BAT1 < than "set value" and the
		of "set value"	The buzzer is activated	resetting procedure is carried out
			The icon for high pressure alarm flashes	
			The alarm code is displayed	
A06	Low pressure /	Analogue input	"open collector" outlet / alarm relay is	Automatic
	temperature alarm	enabled if BAT1 <	activated	It becomes manual after "tripping per hour"
	-	"set value"	The buzzer is activated	Manual
			The icon for low pressure alarm flashes	Disabled if BAT1 > than "set value" and the
			The alarm code is displayed	resetting procedure is carried out
L	1	1		O r

CODE		CAUSE	ACTION	RESET
A07	Antifreeze alarm	Digital input	"open collector" outlet / alarm relay is	Automatic
		enabled if BTWOT	activated	It becomes manual after "tripping per hour"
		< "set value" and	The buzzer is activated	Manual
			The icon for general alarm flashes	Disabling:
		set"	The alarm code is displayed	- when the antifreeze regulation probe
				BTWOT > "set value" in chiller modality;
A07	Antifreeze alarm	Digital input	"open collector" outlet / alarm relay is	and resetting procedure Automatic
AU/	Antineeze arann	Digital input enabled	activated	It becomes manual after "tripping per hour"
		enabled	The buzzer is activated	Manual
			The icon for general alarm flashes	Disabling: digital input not enabled
			The alarm code is displayed	resetting procedure
A07	Antifreeze alarm	Digital input	"open collector" outlet / alarm relay is	Automatic
	motocondensing	enabled	activated	It becomes manual after "tripping per hour"
	units (Not enabled)		The buzzer is activated	Manual
	,		The icon for general alarm flashes	Disabling: digital input not enabled
			The alarm code is displayed	resetting procedure
A08	Flow meter alarm	Digital input	"open collector" outlet / alarm relay is	Automatic
	and pump thermal	enabled	activated	It becomes manual after "tripping per hour"
	alarm (air/water or	enabled for "time	The buzzer is activated	Manual
	water/water units)	set"	The icon for flow meter alarm flashes	Disabling: Digital input disabled for "time
			The alarm code is displayed	set" and reset procedure
A09	Compressor 1	Digital input	"open collector" outlet / alarm relay is	Manual
	thermal alarm	enabled	activated	Digital input disabled and the resetting
			The buzzer is activated	procedure is carried out
			The icon for general alarm flashes	
110		D: :: 1:	The alarm code is displayed	
A10	Compressor 2	Digital input	"open collector" outlet / alarm relay is	Manual
	thermal alarm	enabled	activated	Digital input disabled and the resetting
			The buzzer is activated	procedure is carried out
			The icon for general alarm flashes	
A09-	Compressor 1-2	The alarm is	The alarm code is displayed Relay alarm + buzzer activated	If ID is not activated
A10	thermal alarm	visualized but not	and the same of th	Manual
1110	thornar arann	enabled during		To reset the alarm enter the programming
		"compressor		r is in a second of the second
		thermal delay time"		
		after compressor		
		start up		
A11	Condensation fan	Digital input	"open collector" outlet / alarm relay is	Manual
	(Not enabled)	enabled	activated	Digital input disabled and the resetting
			The buzzer is activated	procedure is carried out
			The icon for general alarm flashes	
			The alarm code is displayed	
A12	Error alarm during	Defrosting end	Displayed code	Automatic
	defrosting (not	(max. time)	Only signalling	With following correct defrosting cycle
	enabled			Manual
A13	Compressor 1	Operating hours >	"open collector" outlet / alarm relay is	Reset procedure Manual
AIJ	maintenance alarm	"set threshold"	activated	Operating hours reset
	mannenance arailii	sei ini esnoia	The buzzer is activated	operating nours reset
			The alarm code is displayed	
A14	Compressor 2	Operating hours >	"open collector" outlet / alarm relay is	Manual
	maintenance alarm	"set threshold"	activated	Operating hours reset
			The buzzer is activated	
			The alarm code is displayed	
A15	Water pump	Operating hours>	"open collector" outlet / alarm relay is	Manual
	maintenance alarm	"set threshold"	activated	Operating hours reset
			The buzzer is activated	-
			The alarm code is displayed	
A20	Low water	Only units operating	"open collector" outlet / alarm relay	Automatic
	temperature alarm	if the temperature	activated	
	at evaporator outlet	measured by PB2 is lower than AL23	The buzzer is activated The alarm code is displayed	
		10WCI tilali AL23	The alarm code is displayed	

CODE	MEANING	CAUSE	ACTION	RESET
A21	High water	Only units operating	"open collector" outlet / alarm relay are	Automatic
	temperature alarm	if the temperature	activated	
	at evaporator outlet	measured by PB2 is higher than AL24	The buzzer is activated The alarm code is displayed	
rtC	Clock alarm	Clock to be	"open collector" outlet / alarm relay is	Manual
	Croon unurin	regulated	activated	Clock regulation and resetting procedure
		regulated	The buzzer is activated	crock regulation and resetting procedure
			The icon for general alarm flashes	
			The alarm code is displayed	
rtF	Clock alarm	Clock damaged	"open collector" outlet / alarm relay is	Manual
111	Clock didilli	Clock malfunction	activated	Resetting procedure
		Clock manufiction	The buzzer is activated	If after resetting the alarm persists replace
			The icon for general alarm flashes	the clock
			-	the clock
EE	Eeprom error alarm	Memory data lost	The alarm code is displayed "open collector" outlet / alarm relay is	Manual
LL	Leprom error ararm	ivicinory data rost	activated	Resetting procedure
			The buzzer is activated	If after resetting the alarm persists the
				device remains blocked
			The icon for general alarm flashes	device remains blocked
ACF2	Configuration alarm	Unit configured as	The alarm code is displayed "open collector" outlet / alarm relay is	Automatic
ACFZ	Configuration alarm	heat pump with	activated	With correct re-programming
			The buzzer is activated	with correct re-programming
		commutation valve		
		not configured	The icon for general alarm flashes	
A CE2	C 6:	T 1:-:4-1:4-	The alarm code is displayed "open collector" outlet / alarm relay is	Automatic
ACF3	Configuration alarm		activated	
		with the same		With correct re-programming
		configuration	The buzzer is activated	
			The icon for general alarm flashes	
A CE 4	Configuration alarm	CE20- 1 d 4h -	The alarm code is displayed "open collector" outlet / alarm relay is	Automatic
ACF4	Configuration afaim			
		digital input not	activated	With correct re-programming
		configured or	The buzzer is activated	
		CF28= 2 probe	The icon for general alarm flashes	
			The alarm code is displayed	
DE.	0 : 1	3	The buzzer is activated	DM 1
FErr	Operating alarm	with two digital		Manual
		-	The icon for general alarm flashes	Disabling of digital inputs + reset procedure
A Ew	Not from an are	same time Net frequency out of	"open collector" outlet / alarm relay is	
AFr	Net frequency		activated	Automatic
	alarm	range		Net frequency into operating range
			The buzzer is activated	
			The icon for general alarm flashes	
ALOC	General alarm	ID configured or	The alarm code is displayed	ID configured as unit blocked generic alarm
ALUC	General alalin	ID configured as	Relay alarm + buzzer activated	
		unit blocked generic		"fixed time"
		alarm "time set"		Automatic:
		AL21		It becomes manual after "tripping per hour
				set" (reset procedure in function menu). It is
				memorized in the alarm historic only with
				manual rearm

12.2 Outlet blocking

Alarm code	Alarm Description	Comp. 1	Comp. 2	Antifreeze Resistances	Pump
P1	BEWOT probe	Yes	Yes	Yes	
P2	BTWOT probe	Yes	Yes	Yes	
P3	BCP1 probe	Yes	Yes	Yes	
P4	BAT1 probe	Yes	Yes	Yes	
A01	High pressure switch	Yes	Yes		
	Fan thermal protection	Yes	Yes		
A02	Low pressure switch	Yes	Yes		
A03	Ambient air low temperature				
A04	Air low temperature at unit outlet	Yes	Yes	Yes	
A05	High temperature High pressure	Yes	Yes		
A06	Low pressure Low temperature	Yes	Yes		
A07	Analogue input antifreeze	Yes	Yes		
A07	Digital input antifreeze	Yes	Yes		
A07	Motorcondensing antifreeze	Yes	Yes		
A08	Flow meter/pump thermal protection	Yes	Yes	Boiler Res. Yes	Yes
A09	Compressor 1 thermal protection	Yes			
A10	Compressor 2 thermal protection		Yes		
A09-A10	Compressor 1-2 thermal protection	Yes	Yes		
A13	Compressor 1 maintenance				
A14	Compressor 2 maintenance				
A15	Water pump maintenance				
A20	Low water temperature BTWOT				
A21	High water temperature BTWOT				
rtC	Clock alarm				
rtF	Clock alarm				
EE	Eeprom error	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
ACF2	Configuration alarm	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
ACF3	Configuration alarm	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
ACF4	Configuration alarm	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
ACF6	Configuration alarm	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
FErr	Operating error (motorcond.)	Yes	Yes		Yes
Afr	Net frequency alarm	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
ALOC	Generic alarm	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

NOTEThe electronic control board is furnished with a "history" loop, see chapter 7.12.5 "How to display the alarm historic "ALoG"".